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SALUTE, AMARO

A LOOK AT WHY WE EMBRACE THIS TRADITIONAL DIGESTIVE LIQUOR AND THE MYRIAD BENEFITS IT HAS TO OFFER.

WORDS LAYLA SCHLACK

> IMAGES JOYCE CHO

ccording to researchers at Penn Museum, the earliest alcoholic beverage in the world was from China and dated to 7000-6600 BCE. Chemical analysis revealed it to be a mixture of fermented rice, honey, and grapes and/or hawthorn fruit, a tart fruit sometimes used in Chinese medicine as a digestive aid.

While this ancient liquor may or may not have had any direct influence on the creation of Italian amaro, it seems to point to the idea that, for a long time, people have enjoyed a sip of something a little sweet, a little tart or bitter, and a little boozy to aid digestion.

That's fundamentally what amaro

is: a bittersweet liqueur. The category is defined as liquor infused with bittering botanicals, as amaro is Italian for bitter. It's different from cocktail bitters, which are meant to be used in small quantities in cocktails, not consumed on their own.

Amaro's base can range wildly, as can the alcohol level, and it can be made anywhere in the world, although culturally, it's become synonymous with Italy.

"It's like the Italian version of the monks' Chartreuse," says Anthony Ancona, co-owner of Fountainhead Wines in Norwalk, Connecticut. "The Italians made it palatable."

French Carthusian monks started bottling Chartreuse in the mid-1700s as a health tonic. Made with 130 botanicals, the original formulation was tough to

swallow. While Italian monks had also been infusing alcohol (usually wine) with herbs as far back as the Roman Empire, amaro as a business took off in earnest in the 1800s. That's when brands like Amaro Montenegro, Amaro Averna, Amaro Lucano and Fernet-Branca were started in Emilia-Romagna, Sicily, Basilicata and Lombardy, respectively. These all used regional botanicals and became common throughout the country.

In addition to its health benefits, amaro offered another function to the people making it: preserving herbs and botanicals in season, according to a May 2021 piece that Leigh Kunkel wrote for online food magazine Umami.

Now that we have more efficient ways to preserve edible plants and less expensive over-the-counter digestive aids, it's worth asking why amaro has such staying power. Some fans will say it's simply because they taste good, but there's a little more at play.

HERBAL EFFECTS

Cinchona

Even today, amari are made with local botanicals, ranging from artichoke to rhubarb to cardamom. There are some commonly used ingredients that are believed to have health benefits, and for producers like Forthave Spirits in Brooklyn, New York, studying those was an important step in crafting their bottling. Founders Aaron Fox and Daniel de la

Nuez say that they shared books about the history of herbal medicine before creating their recipe. The best friends say these books helped them understand principles like solubility, as well as which herbs work well together both chemically and flavorwise.

Some of the standard botanicals have been proven to stimulate digestion. That has obvious benefits after a meal, but also, when amaro is served before a meal, this digestive stimulation encourages appetite.

Wormwood, for example, is best known as the supposed hallucinogenic ingredient in absinthe, but it's also used in amaro. In fact, it's a primary botanical in Amaro Lucano from Basilicata, which uses three different varieties of wormwood—one in an oil form for digestive benefit, and the other two for their flavor profile. There's no evidence that the plant causes hallucinations, but the National Institutes of Health reported in 2020 that its bitter compounds "can increase gastric, biliary, and intestinal secretion in humans after oral administration." In other words, it can aid digestion.

Cinchona is another botanical that stimulates digestive secretions to fight feelings of fullness and bloat. Like wormwood, it's also better known for a different benefit: Its quinine compound kills malaria.

> Spanish colonizers brought the plant from the Andes back to Europe in the 1600s for its antimalarial properties. Once its flavor profile and digestive benefits became familiar in Italy, it was incorporated into amari such as Ferro-Kina, a

subcategory that was invented in 1881.

Volume 54 of the journal *Pharmacy in History* details a cinchona shortage in the late 1700s that sent

people looking for replacements. One solution was gentian root, which was probably in use before then too.

A peer-reviewed study published in 2018 by the European Medicines Agency confirms that gentian root has the same digestion-stimulating effects as wormwood and cinchona. The monks must have been hip to that effect much earlier, though: Gentian is used in most amari, from classics like Fernet-Branca, to newer American offerings, like Lo-Fi Gentian Amaro from California.

Rounding out this collection of bitter botanicals known for stimulating digestion is angelica. The mechanisms of how it works are not as well studied as the others, but Amaro Lucano lists it among its 30 botanicals, crediting it with both digestive and sedative properties.

Other common botanicals like cinnamon and myrrh are known to have anti-inflammatory and detoxifying properties, respectively. But Fox and de la Nuez also point out the need for plants that will make the finished amaro taste good.

"The whole thing is to, you know, get all those herbs in your stomach," says Ancona, admitting he has a preference for the dark, viscous, bitter bottlings.

And for Nick Stefanelli, chef and owner of Washington, D.C.'s Officina culinary complex that includes Salotto amaro library, balance is key.

"I like it to have less sugar and a little more of the botanical flavor profile," he says. "It doesn't necessarily need to be fully bitter. It could be some more florality, it could be more citrus."

This range of preferences speaks to what amaro has grown into: a drink for pleasure.

A CAUSE FOR GATHERING

For some, the pandemic will have proven what Italians have known for centuries: Spending time at the dining table with family, friends or even colleagues can be just as nourishing as the food we eat.

The first known printed cookbook, De honesta voluptate et valetudine (On honorable pleasure and health), published around 1470, was written by an Italian, Bartolomeo Platina. History nerds will note that this was before the invention of the printing press, so Platina must have really wanted this book to exist. He posits that the pleasure of a meal can be just as beneficial as the nutrients in the food. Adding an aperitif, digestif or both to a meal is a way to prolong that pleasure.

Fox and de la Nuez say that element is what got them into amaro in the first place: They wanted to linger at the table to keep talking about books, art, food and wine, and a pour of amaro provided a reason for them to do that.

"It's all about community," says Ancona, recounting his family's Sunday dinners when he was growing up. These would start at noon. Everyone would eat, then maybe play cards, then come back to the table for an amaro or some other digestivo, like grappa. After that, more cards or possibly a nap, and then another round of food and amaro.

For others, it's an element of discovery that provides a reason to stay at the table and keep the conversation going.

"For many people, amari are a bit of a best-kept-secret," says Joanna Franchini, cofounder and chief brand officer for the online retailer Curiada. "There's a depth and nuance to amari that takes a little while to notice and appreciate for many people, but once you do, the experience is revelatory."

There's no shortage of other beverages to spend time with around the dinner table, but amaro offers an opportunity for reflection and conversation. Because so many are made using local botanicals, amari become a form of armchair travel. What does Sicily taste like, versus Rome, versus New York? Taste the anise-citrus balance in Averna, rhubarbcandy Amaro Formidabile and the mint and eucalyptus in Forthave to find out.

And like wine or Scotch, amari are collectable. Fox and de la Nuez collect rare and old bottles, which is another point of conversation and social connection. Stefanelli began his

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amaro collection seeing older bottles come up at wine auctions, and for him, eventually it turned into a large enough library to structure a bar program that happens to offer vertical tastings of some bottles.

"It's interesting to see how something that has a 40- or 50-year-old age on it, compared to what is made today," says Stefanelli. "And then it's trying to understand how that recipe has been adjusted or modified

> or modernized...Because the ingredients and the ability to get things 50, 60, 70 years ago was totally different from just ordering 20 pounds of gentian root and 10 pounds of bay leaf and 40 pounds of chamomile, and so on and so forth."

Franchini finds in her business that while there's certainly an interest in older bottles, a lot of the demand around collecting is driven by cocktail lovers.

"Amari is like catnip for anyone who loves the journey of discovery," she says. "In the U.S., it was a lesser-known category that started to peek its head above the radar during the craft cocktail renaissance of the early 2000s, notably with Amaro Nonino in Sam Ross's instant classic, the Paper Plane. And as awareness has grown and spread amongst craft cocktail enthusiasts, demand for amari-and a greater diversity of amari than what is typically available at any given bar or shop—is definitely on the rise...We certainly find people are looking for rare bottles, but particularly those that are less widely distributed (or not distributed at all!) outside of Europe that they've read about or heard mentioned and would love to try."

None of this will persuade people who don't like the taste, of course, but hopefully deeper insight into the benefits of this centuries-old drink will fuel your next conversation as you linger around the dinner table.